

Department of Defense MANUAL

NUMBER 1348.33, Volume 2 November 23, 2010

Incorporating Change 2, May 15, 2015

USD(P&R)

SUBJECT: Manual of Military Decorations and Awards: DoD Service Awards – Campaign,

Expeditionary, and Service Medals

References: See Enclosure 1

1. PURPOSE

a. <u>Manual</u>. In accordance with the authority in DoD Directive (DoDD) 5124.02 (Reference (a)) and the guidance in DoD Instruction 1348.33 (Reference (b)), this Manual reissues DoD 1348.33-M (Reference (c)) to implement the DoD Military Award Program policies and procedures.

b. Volume. This Volume:

- (1) Provides procedures and guidance regarding creation, activation, and award of DoD service awards campaign, expeditionary, and service (CE&S) medals.
 - (2) Provides the basis and eligibility requirements for award of DoD CE&S medals.
 - (3) Incorporates and cancels References (d) through (y).

2. APPLICABILITY. This Volume applies to:

- a. OSD, the Military Departments, the Office of the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Joint Staff (JS), the Combatant Commands, the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Defense, the Defense Agencies, the DoD Field Activities, and all other organizational entities within the Department of Defense (hereafter referred to collectively as the "DoD Components").
- b. The Commissioned Corps of the Public Health Service under agreement with the Department of Health and Human Services.

(4) The PDUSD(P&R) will request annually that the JS, in coordination with the applicable combatant commander, review the ACM and recommend to the PDUSD(P&R) through the DUASD(MPP) applicable modifications as required, including the termination of the campaign medal or establishment of new campaign phases.

f. Approval Authority

- (1) Army: See Army Regulation (AR) 600-8-22 (Reference (ag)).
- (2) Navy and Marine Corps: See Secretary of the Navy Instruction 1650.1 Series (Reference (ah)).
 - (3) Air Force: See Air Force Instruction (AFI) 36-2803 (Reference (ai)).

g. Order of Precedence. The ACM is worn after the Kosovo Campaign Medal (KCM) and before the ICM.

h. Subsequent Awards

- (1) Individuals are only presented an ACM upon initial award.
- (2) One bronze campaign star shall be worn on the suspension and campaign ribbon of the ACM for one or more days of participation in each designated campaign phase. A list of the approved ACM campaign phases and inclusive dates can be found at: http://prhome.defense.gov/MPP/OEPM/functions.aspx.

i. Authorized Devices

- (1) <u>Campaign Stars</u>. The campaign star is a bronze or silver five-pointed star, 3/16 inch in diameter. A silver campaign star is worn in lieu of five bronze campaign stars.
- (2) <u>Arrowhead Device</u>. The arrowhead device is a bronze replica of an Indian arrowhead 1/4 inch high. It is a Department of the Army device that is authorized for wear on the AFEM.
- (3) <u>FMF Combat Operations Insignia</u>. The FMF combat operations insignia is a miniature bronze Marine Corps emblem that may be awarded to U.S. Navy Service members assigned to Marine Corps units that participate in combat during the assignment. It is a Department of the Navy device that is authorized for wear on the AFEM.
 - j. <u>Illustration and Description</u>. See Appendix 2 of this enclosure.

3. ANTARCTICA SERVICE MEDAL (ASM)

a. Introduction

- (1) The ASM was established by P.L. 86-600 (Reference (aj)). The decoration was intended as a military award to replace several commemorative decorations that had been issued for previous Antarctica expeditions from 1928 to 1941. The Byrd Antarctic Expedition Commemorative Medal and U.S. Antarctic Expedition Commemorative Medal were declared obsolete following the creation of the ASM.
- (2) The ASM is awarded to members of Antarctic expeditions and personnel of the permanent Antarctica stations or for service in contiguous waters, starting with the U.S. Navy Operation HIGH JUMP beginning January 1, 1946. It is awarded to officers and enlisted personnel of the U.S. Armed Forces and to deserving civilians, such as scientists and polar experts.
 - b. Award Category. DoD CE&S medal Deployed Service Medal.

c. Eligibility Requirements

(1) Eligibility Criteria

- (a) Any person who, from January 1, 1946, to a date to be announced, meets any of the following qualifications shall be eligible to receive the Antarctica Service Medal. (For the award, Antarctica is defined as the area south of latitude 60 degrees South.)
- <u>1</u>. Any member of the U.S. Armed Forces, U.S. citizen, or resident alien of the United States, who as a member of a U.S. expedition, participates in or has participated in scientific, direct support, or exploratory operations in Antarctica.
- <u>2</u>. Any member of the U.S. Armed Forces, U.S. citizen, or resident alien of the United States, who participates in or has participated in a foreign Antarctic expedition in Antarctica in coordination with a U.S. expedition and who is or was under the sponsorship and approval of competent U.S. Government authority.
- <u>3</u>. Any member of the U.S. Armed Forces, U.S. citizen, or resident alien of the United States, who participates in, or has participated in, flights as a member of the crew of an aircraft flying to or from the Antarctic continent in support of operations in Antarctica.
- <u>4</u>. Any member of the U.S. Armed Forces, U.S. citizen, or resident alien of the United States who serves or has served in a U.S. ship operating south of latitude 60 degrees South in support of U.S. programs in Antarctica.
- <u>5</u>. Any person, including citizens of foreign nations, not fulfilling the qualifications under subparagraphs 3.c(1)(a)<u>1</u>., through 3.c(1)(a)<u>4</u>. or subparagraph 3.c(1)(b) of this enclosure, but who participates in or has participated in a U.S. Antarctic expedition in Antarctica at the invitation of a participating U.S. agency may be given the award by the Secretary of the Department under whose cognizance the expedition falls, provided the commander of the military support force, as senior U.S. representative in Antarctica, considers

that the individual has performed outstanding and exceptional service and shared the hardships and hazards of the expedition.

- (b) From June 1, 1973 to August 31, 2008, minimum time limit for award is 30 days under competent orders to duty at sea or ashore, south of latitude 60 degrees South. Individuals assigned to duty at an outlying station on the Antarctic continent may qualify for the award after 15 days. The days do not have to be consecutive.
- (c) From July 1, 1987 to September 30, 1999, flight crews of aircraft providing logistics support from outside the Antarctic area may qualify for the award after 15 missions to a location south of latitude 60 degrees South. (One flight in and out during any 24-hour period equals one mission.)
- (d) Effective October 1, 1999, flight crews of aircraft providing logistics support from outside the Antarctic area may qualify for the award after 10 missions to a location south of latitude 60 degrees South. (One flight in and out during any 24-hour period equals one mission.)
- (e) Effective September 1, 2008, minimum time limit for award is 10 days under competent orders to duty at sea or ashore, south of latitude 60 degrees South. The days do not have to be consecutive.
 - (f) The ASM may be awarded posthumously.
 - (2) Definitions. See Glossary.
 - d. Foreign Military Personnel. See subparagraph 3.c(1)(a)5. of this enclosure.
- e. <u>Procedures</u>. Each Military Department shall prescribe appropriate regulations for administrative processing, awarding, and wearing of the ASM ribbon, and appurtenances.

f. Approval Authority

- (1) Army: See Reference (ag).
- (2) Navy and Marine Corps: See Reference (ah).
- (3) Air Force: See Reference (ai).
- g. Order of Precedence. The ASM is worn after the NDSM and before the AFEM.

h. Subsequent Awards

- (1) Individuals are only presented an ASM upon initial award.
- (2) See paragraph 3.i. of this enclosure regarding devices for subsequent awards for wintering over.

This "(March through October)" definition was not part of the previous instruction version.

i. Authorized Devices

- (1) Wintered Over Clasp. Personnel who stay on the Antarctic continent during the winter months (March through October) shall be eligible to wear a bronze clasp with the words "Wintered Over" on the suspension ribbon of the medal. A gold clasp is authorized for the second wintering-over period, and a silver clasp is worn to denote the third or subsequent wintering-over period. Not more than one clasp shall be worn on the suspension ribbon of the medal.
- (2) <u>Disk</u>. The first wintering-over eligibility shall be denoted by a bronze disk worn on the service ribbon of the medal. A gold disk shall represent the second wintering-over period. A silver disk shall represent the third or subsequent wintering-over period. No more than one disk may be worn on the service ribbon.
 - j. <u>Illustration and Description</u>. See Appendix 2 of this enclosure.

4. ARMED FORCES EXPEDITIONARY MEDAL (AFEM)

a. Introduction

- (1) The AFEM was established by E.O. 10977 (Reference (ak)). The AFEM is awarded to members of the U.S. Armed Forces who, after July 1, 1958, participated in U.S. Military operations, U.S. operations in direct support of the United Nations (UN), or U.S. operations of assistance for friendly foreign nations.
- (2) The AFSM was originally intended to be a replacement for the AFEM; however the two decorations are considered separate awards with different award criteria. The primary difference between the two is that the AFSM is awarded for actions through which no foreign armed opposition or imminent threat of hostile action was encountered. This definition separates the two medals in that the AFEM is normally awarded for combat operations and other combat support missions.
 - b. Award Category. DoD CE&S medal Expeditionary Medal.
 - c. Eligibility Requirements
 - (1) Eligibility Criteria
- (a) <u>Personnel Eligible</u>. The AFEM may be awarded to members of the U.S. Armed Forces who after July 1, 1958:
- <u>1</u>. Participate, or have participated, as members of U.S. Military units in a U.S. Military operation in which Service members of any Military Department participate, in the opinion of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, in significant numbers.